

MIRA INFORM REPORT

Report No. :	527499
Report Date :	31.08.2018

IDENTIFICATION DETAILS

Name :	HITOP INDUSTRIAL (HK) CO., LIMITED
Registered Office :	2/F, Kaiyi Flat, No. 106, Zhongnan Middle Road, Shangsha, Changan Town, Dongguan, Guangdong Province
Country :	China
Date of Incorporation :	Not Available
Com. Reg. No.:	Not Available
Legal Form :	Not Available
Line of Business :	Subject is mainly engaged in operating molds. Products: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Injection Mold • Molded Auto parts • Home appliances • Enclosure mold • OA molded parts • Bottle caps mold • Overmold/rotation mold • Die-casting mold
No. of Employees :	Not Available

RATING & COMMENTS

(Mira Inform has adopted New Rating mechanism w.e.f. 23rd January 2017)

MIRA's Rating :	C
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Credit Rating	Explanation	Rating Comments
C	Medium High Risk	Business dealings permissible preferably on secured basis

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Status :	Not Registered in China
Payment Behaviour :	Unknown
Litigation :	--

NOTES:

Any query related to this report can be made on e-mail: while quoting report number, name and date.

ECGC Country Risk Classification List

Country Name	Previous Rating (31.12.2017)	Current Rating (01.04.2018)
China	A2	A1

Risk Category	ECGC Classification
Insignificant	A1
Low Risk	A2
Moderately Low Risk	B1
Moderate Risk	B2
Moderately High Risk	C1
High Risk	C2
Very High Risk	D

CHINA - ECONOMIC OVERVIEW

Since the late 1970s, China has moved from a closed, centrally planned system to a more market-oriented one that plays a major global role. China has implemented reforms in a gradualist fashion, resulting in efficiency gains that have contributed to a more than tenfold increase in GDP since 1978. Reforms began with the phaseout of collectivized agriculture, and expanded to include the gradual liberalization of prices, fiscal decentralization, increased autonomy for state enterprises, growth of the private sector, development of stock markets and a modern banking system, and opening to foreign trade and investment. China continues to pursue an industrial policy, state support of key sectors, and a restrictive investment regime. Measured on a purchasing power parity (PPP) basis that adjusts for price differences, China in 2016 stood as the largest economy in the world, surpassing the US in 2014 for the first time in modern history. China became the world's largest exporter in 2010, and the largest trading nation in 2013. Still, China's per capita income is below the world average.

After keeping its currency tightly linked to the US dollar for years, China in July 2005 moved to an exchange rate system that references a basket of currencies. From mid-2005 to late 2008, the renminbi appreciated more than 20% against the US dollar, but the exchange rate remained virtually pegged to the dollar from the onset of the global financial crisis until June 2010, when Beijing announced it would allow a resumption of gradual liberalization. From 2013 until early 2015, the renminbi (RMB) appreciated roughly 2% against the dollar, but the exchange rate fell 13% from mid-2015 until end-2016 amid strong capital outflows in part stemming from the August 2015 official devaluation; in 2017 the RMB resumed appreciating against the dollar – roughly 7% from end-of-2016 to end-of-2017. From 2013 to 2017, China had one of the fastest growing economies in the world, averaging slightly more than 7% real growth per year. In 2015, the People's Bank of China announced it would continue to carefully push for full convertibility of the renminbi, after the currency was accepted as part of the IMF's special drawing rights basket. However, since late 2015 the Chinese Government has strengthened capital controls and oversight of overseas investments to better manage the exchange rate and maintain financial stability.

The Chinese Government faces numerous economic challenges including: (a) reducing its high domestic savings rate and correspondingly low domestic household consumption; (b) managing its high corporate debt burden to maintain financial stability; (c) controlling off-balance sheet local government debt used to finance infrastructure stimulus; (d) facilitating higher-wage job opportunities for the aspiring middle class, including rural migrants and college graduates, while maintaining competitiveness; (e) dampening speculative investment in the real estate sector without sharply slowing the economy; (f) reducing industrial overcapacity; and (g) raising productivity growth rates through the more efficient allocation of capital and state-support for innovation. Economic development has progressed further in coastal provinces than in the interior, and by 2016 more than 169.3 million migrant workers and their dependents had relocated to urban areas to find work. One consequence of China's population control policy known as the "one-child policy" - which was relaxed in 2016 to permit all families to have two children - is that China is now one of the most rapidly aging countries in the world. Deterioration in the environment - notably air pollution, soil erosion, and the steady fall of the water table, especially in the North - is another long-term problem. China continues to lose arable land because of erosion and urbanization. The Chinese Government is seeking to add energy production capacity from sources other than coal and oil, focusing on natural gas, nuclear, and clean energy development. In 2016, China ratified the Paris Agreement, a multilateral agreement to combat climate change, and committed to peak its carbon dioxide emissions between 2025 and 2030.

The government's 13th Five-Year Plan, unveiled in March 2016, emphasizes the need to increase innovation and boost domestic consumption to make the economy less dependent on government investment, exports, and heavy industry. However, China has made more progress on subsidizing innovation than rebalancing the economy. Beijing has committed to giving the market a more decisive role in allocating resources, but the Chinese Government's policies continue to favor state-owned enterprises and emphasize stability. Chinese leaders in 2010 pledged to double China's GDP by 2020, and the 13th Five Year Plan includes annual economic

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growth targets of at least 6.5% through 2020 to achieve that goal. In recent years, China has renewed its support for state-owned enterprises in sectors considered important to "economic security," explicitly looking to foster globally competitive industries. Chinese leaders also have undermined some market-oriented reforms by reaffirming the "dominant" role of the state in the economy, a stance that threatens to discourage private initiative and make the economy less efficient over time. The slight acceleration in economic growth in 2017—the first such uptick since 2010—gives Beijing more latitude to pursue its economic reforms, focusing on financial sector deleveraging and its Supply-Side Structural Reform agenda, first announced in late 2015.

Source : CIA

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COMPANY NAME AND ADDRESS

Company Name : HITOP INDUSTRIAL (HK) CO., LIMITED
Address : 2/F, KAIYI FLAT, NO. 106, ZHONGNAN MIDDLE ROAD, SHANGSHA,
CHANGAN TOWN, DONGGUAN, GUANGDONG PROVINCE CHINA
Telephone : 86-769-85308812
Facsimile : 86-769-85309913
Website : <http://www.hitop-mould.com/>
Email : inquiry@hitop-mould.com

INFORMATION CHECK

We dialed the contact number 86-769-85308812, a lady surnamed Ai answered. She confirmed the given name and released the following information:

The subject is registered in Hong Kong for foreign exchange settlement and operated in mainland, China.

The subject has a registered company in the mainland China, whose name is Dongguan Huichen Electronic Plastic Technology Co., Ltd.. The given address also belongs to Dongguan Huichen Electronic Plastic Technology Co., Ltd.

REGISTRATION INFORMATION

In Hong Kong Companies Registry, we found the following information:

Established Date : 2006-12-20
Reg. No. : 1096587
Company Type : Private Company Limited by share
Status : Active

SITE VISIT

According to Ms. Ai, the heading address is the subject's operating address, but she refused our request for a spot visit.

BUSINESS LINE

*According to Ms. Ai, the subject is mainly engaged in operating molds.

***Products:**

Injection Mold

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Molded Auto parts
Home appliances
Enclosure mold
OA molded parts
Bottle caps mold
Overmold/rotation mold
Die-casting mold
Etc.

RELATED COMPANIES

In the AIC of Dongguan City, we found the company which is the subject's related company.

The registered information is as follow:

Name	:	Dongguan Huichen Electronic Plastic Technology Co., Ltd.
Established Date	:	2006-08-03
Credit code	:	91441900791223509L
Legal Form	:	Limited liabilities co.
Status	:	Active
Registered Capital	:	RMB 1,000,000
Chief Executive	:	Wu Lun

BANK INFORMATION

No record.

NEGATIVE INFORMATION

No record

COMMENT

In view of our investigation results, the subject is registered in Hong Kong, while operating in Dongguan City, Guangdong Province mainland China. Caution is advised related to dealings with persons claiming to represent such an entity, and C.O.D. is recommended.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES

Currency	Unit	Indian Rupees
US Dollar	1	INR 70.73
UK Pound	1	INR 92.15
Euro	1	INR 82.72
CNY	1	INR 10.39

Note: Above are approximate rates obtained from sources believed to be correct

INFORMATION DETAILS

Analysis Done by :	PRI
Report Prepared by :	NIT

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RATING EXPLANATIONS

Credit Rating	Explanation	Rating Comments
A++	Minimum Risk	Business dealings permissible with minimum risk of default
A+	Low Risk	Business dealings permissible with low risk of default
A	Acceptable Risk	Business dealings permissible with moderate risk of default
B	Medium Risk	Business dealings permissible on a regular monitoring basis
C	Medium High Risk	Business dealings permissible preferably on secured basis
D	High Risk	Business dealing not recommended or on secured terms only
NB	New Business	No recommendation can be done due to business in infancy stage
NT	No Trace	No recommendation can be done as the business is not traceable

NB is stated where there is insufficient information to facilitate rating. However, it is not to be considered as unfavourable.

This score serves as a reference to assess SC's credit risk and to set the amount of credit to be extended. It is calculated from a composite of weighted scores obtained from each of the major sections of this report. The assessed factors are as follows:

- Financial condition covering various ratios
- Company background and operations size
- Promoters / Management background
- Payment record
- Litigation against the subject
- Industry scenario / competitor analysis
- Supplier / Customer / Banker review (wherever available)