

MIRA INFORM REPORT

| | |
|----------------------|------------|
| Report No. : | 545194 |
| Report Date : | 18.12.2018 |

IDENTIFICATION DETAILS

| | |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Name : | AMANDA TRADING COMPANY LIMITED |
| Registered Office : | Room 2105, 21/F., Trend Centre, 29-31 Cheung Lee Street, Chai Wan |
| Country : | Hong Kong |
| Date of Incorporation : | 04.04.2014 |
| Com. Reg. No.: | 63196006 |
| Legal Form : | Private Limited Liability |
| Line of Business : | The subject is trading in all kinds of ferroalloy. |
| No. of Employees : | No Employees In Hong Kong NOTE: It is to be noted that the company does not have its own operating office in Hong Kong. The company uses the address of its secretariat as its correspondence address only. Subject operates from some other country and does not have a base in Hong Kong. Such companies are registered in Hong Kong just to tax benefit purpose and due to the strict privacy laws prevailing in the country. In such cases, the companies are not required to have any employees in Hong Kong nor do have an office there. |

RATING & COMMENTS

(Mira Inform has adopted New Rating mechanism w.e.f. 23rd January 2017)

MIRA's Rating :

C

| Credit Rating | Explanation | Rating Comments |
|---------------|------------------|---|
| C | Medium High Risk | Business dealings permissible preferably on secured basis |

| | |
|----------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Status : | No operating office in Hong Kong |
| Payment Behaviour : | Unknown |
| Litigation : | Clear |

NOTES :

Any query related to this report can be made on e-mail : infodept@mirainform.com while quoting report number, name and date.

ECGC Country Risk Classification List

| Country Name | Previous Rating (30.06.2018) | Current Rating (30.09.2018) |
|--------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Hong Kong | A1 | A1 |

| Risk Category | ECGC Classification |
|----------------------|---------------------|
| Insignificant | A1 |
| Low Risk | A2 |
| Moderately Low Risk | B1 |
| Moderate Risk | B2 |
| Moderately High Risk | C1 |
| High Risk | C2 |
| Very High Risk | D |

DISCLAIMER : This Report is **PRIVATE & CONFIDENTIAL** and it is prepared at the request of and for its use by the Subscriber only. The Subscriber shall use the contents of the Report merely as an aid to its business. Mira Inform Private Limited ("MIPL") has collated information/data in the Report, which have not been verified unless otherwise specifically mentioned in the Report. The Subscriber shall independently verify the accuracy and correctness of the information/data before in any way acting upon the same. MIPL shall not be liable for any harm, injury, loss or damage caused to the Subscriber due to default by the Subscriber's debtors/beneficiaries in fulfilling their obligations of any nature whatsoever. This Report or any of its portion shall not be used as a documentary evidence or otherwise before any investigative agencies or forum of law. This Report is confidential and proprietary to MIPL. The Subscriber and/or any other person(s) may not reproduce, publish or disclose any of the contents of the Report to others without the express authorization of MIPL. This Report is prepared and issued to the Subscriber without any risk, responsibility or liability on the part of MIPL or its officials.

HONG KONG - ECONOMIC OVERVIEW

Hong Kong has a free market economy, highly dependent on international trade and finance - the value of goods and services trade, including the sizable share of reexports, is about four times GDP. Hong Kong has no tariffs on imported goods, and it levies excise duties on only four commodities, whether imported or produced locally: hard alcohol, tobacco, oil, and methyl alcohol. There are no quotas or dumping laws. Hong Kong continues to link its currency closely to the US dollar, maintaining an arrangement established in 1983.

Excess liquidity, low interest rates and a tight housing supply have caused Hong Kong property prices to rise rapidly. The lower and middle-income segments of the population increasingly find housing unaffordable.

Hong Kong's open economy has left it exposed to the global economic situation. Its continued reliance on foreign trade and investment makes it vulnerable to renewed global financial market volatility or a slowdown in the global economy.

Mainland China has long been Hong Kong's largest trading partner, accounting for about half of Hong Kong's total trade by value. Hong Kong's natural resources are limited, and food and raw materials must be imported. As a result of China's easing of travel restrictions, the number of mainland tourists to the territory surged from 4.5 million in 2001 to 47.3 million in 2014, outnumbering visitors from all other countries combined. After peaking in 2014, overall tourist arrivals dropped 2.5% in 2015 and 4.5% in 2016. The tourism sector rebounded in 2017, with visitor arrivals rising 3.2% to 58.47 million. Travelers from Mainland China totaled 44.45 million, accounting for 76% of the total.

The Hong Kong Government is promoting the Special Administrative Region (SAR) as the preferred business hub for renminbi (RMB) internationalization. Hong Kong residents are allowed to establish RMB-denominated savings accounts, RMB-denominated corporate and Chinese government bonds have been issued in Hong Kong, RMB trade settlement is allowed, and investment schemes such as the Renminbi Qualified Foreign Institutional Investor (RQFII) Program was first launched in Hong Kong. Offshore RMB activities experienced a setback, however, after the People's Bank of China changed the way it set the central parity rate in August 2015. RMB deposits in Hong Kong fell from 1.0 trillion RMB at the end of 2014 to 559 billion RMB at the end of 2017, while RMB trade settlement handled by banks in Hong Kong also shrank from 6.8 trillion RMB in 2015 to 3.9 trillion RMB in 2017.

Hong Kong has also established itself as the premier stock market for Chinese firms seeking to list abroad. In 2015, mainland Chinese companies constituted about 50% of the firms listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange and accounted for about 66% of the exchange's market capitalization.

During the past decade, as Hong Kong's manufacturing industry moved to the mainland, its service industry has grown rapidly. In 2014, Hong Kong and China signed a new agreement on achieving basic liberalization of trade in services in Guangdong Province under the Closer Economic Partnership Agreement (CEPA), adopted in 2003 to forge closer ties between Hong

DISCLAIMER : This Report is **PRIVATE & CONFIDENTIAL** and it is prepared at the request of and for its use by the Subscriber only. The Subscriber shall use the contents of the Report merely as an aid to its business. Mira Inform Private Limited ("MIPL") has collated information/data in the Report, which have not been verified unless otherwise specifically mentioned in the Report. The Subscriber shall independently verify the accuracy and correctness of the information/data before in any way acting upon the same. MIPL shall not be liable for any harm, injury, loss or damage caused to the Subscriber due to default by the Subscriber's debtors/beneficiaries in fulfilling their obligations of any nature whatsoever. This Report or any of its portion shall not be used as a documentary evidence or otherwise before any investigative agencies or forum of law. This Report is confidential and proprietary to MIPL. The Subscriber and/or any other person(s) may not reproduce, publish or disclose any of the contents of the Report to others without the express authorization of MIPL. This Report is prepared and issued to the Subscriber without any risk, responsibility or liability on the part of MIPL or its officials.

Kong and the mainland. The new measures, which took effect in March 2015, cover a negative list and a most-favored treatment provision. On the basis of the Guangdong Agreement, the Agreement on Trade in Services signed in November 2015 further enhanced liberalization, including extending the implementation of the majority of Guangdong pilot liberalization measures to the whole Mainland, reducing the restrictive measures in the negative list, and adding measures in the positive lists for cross-border services as well as cultural and telecommunications services. In June 2017, the Investment Agreement and the Agreement on Economic and Technical Cooperation (Ecotech Agreement) were signed under the framework of CEPA.

Hong Kong's economic integration with the mainland continues to be most evident in the banking and finance sector. Initiatives like the Hong Kong-Shanghai Stock Connect, the Hong Kong-Shenzhen Stock Connect the Mutual Recognition of Funds, and the Bond Connect scheme are all important steps towards opening up the Mainland's capital markets and have reinforced Hong Kong's role as China's leading offshore RMB market. Additional connect schemes such as ETF Connect (for exchange-traded fund products) are also under exploration by Hong Kong authorities. In 2017, Chief Executive Carrie LAM announced plans to increase government spending on research and development, education, and technological innovation with the aim of spurring continued economic growth through greater sector diversification.

Source : CIA

COMPANY NAME

AMANDA TRADING COMPANY LIMITED

ADDRESS

Registered Office:-
c/o World Trade Consultancy International Ltd.
Room 2105, 21/F., Trend Centre, 29-31 Cheung Lee Street, Chai Wan, Hong Kong.

Associated Company:-
Longmen Trading Ltd., Hong Kong. [Deregistered]

BUSINESS REGISTRATION NUMBER

63196006

COMPANY FILE NUMBER

2082181

DATE OF INCORPORATION

4th April, 2014.

ISSUED SHARE CAPITAL

HK\$10,000.00

SHAREHOLDER

(As per registry dated 04-04-2018)

Name
ZHU Zhuohui

No. of shares
10,000

DISCLAIMER : This Report is **PRIVATE & CONFIDENTIAL** and it is prepared at the request of and for its use by the Subscriber only. The Subscriber shall use the contents of the Report merely as an aid to its business. Mira Inform Private Limited ("MIPL") has collated information/data in the Report, which have not been verified unless otherwise specifically mentioned in the Report. The Subscriber shall independently verify the accuracy and correctness of the information/data before in any way acting upon the same. MIPL shall not be liable for any harm, injury, loss or damage caused to the Subscriber due to default by the Subscriber's debtors/beneficiaries in fulfilling their obligations of any nature whatsoever. This Report or any of its portion shall not be used as a documentary evidence or otherwise before any investigative agencies or forum of law. This Report is confidential and proprietary to MIPL. The Subscriber and/or any other person(s) may not reproduce, publish or disclose any of the contents of the Report to others without the express authorization of MIPL. This Report is prepared and issued to the Subscriber without any risk, responsibility or liability on the part of MIPL or its officials.

=====

DIRECTOR

(As per registry dated 04-04-2018)

Name

(Nationality)

ZHU Zhuohui

Address

No. 7, Heping Street, Mengjialu Village, Matoujian Town,
Longan District, Anyang City, Henan Province, China.

SECRETARY

(As per registry dated 06-11-2018)

Name

World Trade Consultancy
International Ltd.

Address

Unit 2, 7/F., Greenfield Tower, Concordia Plaza, 1
Science Museum Road, Kowloon, Hong Kong.

Co. No.

2288236

GENERAL

Amanda Trading Company Limited was incorporated on 4th April, 2014 as a private limited liability company under the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

The subject does not have its own operating office. Its registered office is in a commercial service firm located at 'Room 2105, 21/F., Trend Centre, 29-31 Cheung Lee Street, Chai Wan, Hong Kong' known as 'World Trade Consultancy International Ltd.' which is handling its correspondences and documents. This secretarial company is also the corporate secretary of the subject. It has more than one office in Hong Kong.

The subject has no employees in Hong Kong.

According to the Companies Registry of Hong Kong, the subject has issued 10,000 ordinary shares of HK\$1.00 each which are wholly-owned by Mr. Zhu Zhuohui who is a China merchant.

He is a China ID holder and does not have the right to reside in Hong Kong permanently. He is also the only director of the subject. His registered address is in Long'an District, Anyang City, Henan, China.

The shares of Zhu Zhuohui were formerly held by Mr. Liu Haibin. The latter transferred all his shares to the former on 9th June, 2017.

Your given China mobile phone number 1879 0892 8207 is not valid as there are too many digits. A valid number should have eleven digits only.

The subject has had an associated company in China. Its brief information is as follow:

Name: Henan Juyi Trading Co. Ltd. [河南聚洋商贸有限公司] (Juyi)

Address: Room 1009, Unit 1, C-2 Office Building, Debao International City Anyang International Trade Center, Wenfeng Avenue, Wenfeng District, Anyang City, Henan Province, China.

Postal code: 455000

Unified Social Credit Code: 91410502565106531X

Contact Phone No.: 13526138080

DISCLAIMER : This Report is **PRIVATE & CONFIDENTIAL** and it is prepared at the request of and for its use by the Subscriber only. The Subscriber shall use the contents of the Report merely as an aid to its business. Mira Inform Private Limited ("MIPL") has collated information/data in the Report, which have not been verified unless otherwise specifically mentioned in the Report. The Subscriber shall independently verify the accuracy and correctness of the information/data before in any way acting upon the same. MIPL shall not be liable for any harm, injury, loss or damage caused to the Subscriber due to default by the Subscriber's debtors/beneficiaries in fulfilling their obligations of any nature whatsoever. This Report or any of its portion shall not be used as a documentary evidence or otherwise before any investigative agencies or forum of law. This Report is confidential and proprietary to MIPL. The Subscriber and/or any other person(s) may not reproduce, publish or disclose any of the contents of the Report to others without the express authorization of MIPL. This Report is prepared and issued to the Subscriber without any risk, responsibility or liability on the part of MIPL or its officials.

E-mail: xiayu_5@163.com

Date of Incorporation: 10th November, 2010

Registered Capital: RMB5 million Yuan

Shareholders: Mr. Zhu Zhuohui, 70%;

Mr. Shen Pingyuan, 30%

Juyi has been specialized in the export of ferrosilicon, calcium silicon, silicon metal, ferrochrome, Ferro manganese, silicon manganese, etc. It is also engaged in the exportation of refractory materials and other metallurgy products.

The subject is also trading in all kinds of ferroalloy.

Its products include Ferro-silicon 75# 65# 45#, silicon metal 553# 441# 4401# 3303# 3330# 2202# 2203# 1101#, Si 91%, Si 93%, Si 95%, Si 98.5, Si 99.0%, Si 99.2%, Si 99.5%, Si 99.8, Si 99.9%, calcium silicon powder 6030# 6020# 5525#, silicomanganese 6014# 6517# 6818# and other metallurgy materials. All brands of ferroalloys size and content can be processed according to customers' demands.

The contact person of Juyi is also Mr. Zhu Zhuohui.

The subject's business in Hong Kong is not active. History in Hong Kong is over four years and eight months. Since the subject does not have its own operating office and has no employees in Hong Kong, consider it good for business engagements on L/C basis.

NOTE:

It is to be noted that the company does not have its own operating office in Hong Kong. The company uses the address of its secretariat as its correspondence address only. Subject operates from some other country and does not have a base in Hong Kong. Such companies are registered in Hong Kong just to tax benefit purpose and due to the strict privacy laws prevailing in the country. In such cases, the companies are not required to have any employees in Hong Kong nor do have an office there.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES

| Currency | Unit | Indian Rupees |
|-----------|------|---------------|
| US Dollar | 1 | INR 71.67 |
| UK Pound | 1 | INR 90.20 |
| Euro | 1 | INR 81.07 |
| HKD | 1 | INR 9.11 |

Note : Above are approximate rates obtained from sources believed to be correct

INFORMATION DETAILS

| | |
|----------------------|-----|
| Analysis Done by : | DIV |
| Report Prepared by : | KET |

DISCLAIMER : This Report is **PRIVATE & CONFIDENTIAL** and it is prepared at the request of and for its use by the Subscriber only. The Subscriber shall use the contents of the Report merely as an aid to its business. Mira Inform Private Limited ("MIPL") has collated information/data in the Report, which have not been verified unless otherwise specifically mentioned in the Report. The Subscriber shall independently verify the accuracy and correctness of the information/data before in any way acting upon the same. MIPL shall not be liable for any harm, injury, loss or damage caused to the Subscriber due to default by the Subscriber's debtors/beneficiaries in fulfilling their obligations of any nature whatsoever. This Report or any of its portion shall not be used as a documentary evidence or otherwise before any investigative agencies or forum of law. This Report is confidential and proprietary to MIPL. The Subscriber and/or any other person(s) may not reproduce, publish or disclose any of the contents of the Report to others without the express authorization of MIPL. This Report is prepared and issued to the Subscriber without any risk, responsibility or liability on the part of MIPL or its officials.

RATING EXPLANATIONS

| Credit Rating | Explanation | Rating Comments |
|---------------|------------------|--|
| A++ | Minimum Risk | Business dealings permissible with minimum risk of default |
| A+ | Low Risk | Business dealings permissible with low risk of default |
| A | Acceptable Risk | Business dealings permissible with moderate risk of default |
| B | Medium Risk | Business dealings permissible on a regular monitoring basis |
| C | Medium High Risk | Business dealings permissible preferably on secured basis |
| D | High Risk | Business dealing not recommended or on secured terms only |
| NB | New Business | No recommendation can be done due to business in infancy stage |
| NT | No Trace | No recommendation can be done as the business is not traceable |

NB is stated where there is insufficient information to facilitate rating. However, it is not to be considered as unfavourable.

This score serves as a reference to assess SC's credit risk and to set the amount of credit to be extended. It is calculated from a composite of weighted scores obtained from each of the major sections of this report. The assessed factors are as follows:

- Financial condition covering various ratios
- Company background and operations size
- Promoters / Management background
- Payment record
- Litigation against the subject
- Industry scenario / competitor analysis
- Supplier / Customer / Banker review (wherever available)