

MIRA INFORM REPORT

Report No. :	547416
Report Date :	28.12.2018

IDENTIFICATION DETAILS

Name :	KENKO CORPORATION
Registered Office :	Iwamotocho Toyo Bldg 4F, 3-1-2 Iwamotocho Chiyodaku Tokyo 101-0032
Country :	Japan
Financials (as on) :	31.03.2018
Date of Incorporation :	December 1965
Com. Reg. No.:	0100-01-034552
Legal Form :	Limited Company
Line of Business :	Trading house for import, export and wholesale of: healthcare products, food additives, fine chemicals, feed additives, agriculture chemicals, nano-tech coating, other
No. of Employees :	48

RATING & COMMENTS

(Mira Inform has adopted New Rating mechanism w.e.f. 23rd January 2017)

MIRA's Rating :	A
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Credit Rating	Explanation	Rating Comments
A	Acceptable Risk	Business dealings permissible with moderate risk of default

Status :	Satisfactory
Payment Behaviour :	No Complaints
Litigation :	Clear

NOTES :

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Any query related to this report can be made on e-mail : infodept@mirainform.com while quoting report number, name and date.

ECGC Country Risk Classification List

Country Name	Previous Rating (30.06.2018)	Current Rating (30.09.2018)
Japan	A1	A1

Risk Category	ECGC Classification
Insignificant	A1
Low Risk	A2
Moderately Low Risk	B1
Moderate Risk	B2
Moderately High Risk	C1
High Risk	C2
Very High Risk	D

JAPAN - ECONOMIC OVERVIEW

Over the past 70 years, government-industry cooperation, a strong work ethic, mastery of high technology, and a comparatively small defense allocation (slightly less than 1% of GDP) have helped Japan develop an advanced economy. Two notable characteristics of the post-World War II economy were the close interlocking structures of manufacturers, suppliers, and distributors, known as keiretsu, and the guarantee of lifetime employment for a substantial portion of the urban labor force. Both features have significantly eroded under the dual pressures of global competition and domestic demographic change.

Measured on a purchasing power parity basis that adjusts for price differences, Japan in 2017 stood as the fourth-largest economy in the world after first-place China, which surpassed Japan in 2001, and third-place India, which edged out Japan in 2012. For three postwar decades, overall real economic growth was impressive - averaging 10% in the 1960s, 5% in the 1970s, and 4% in the 1980s. Growth slowed markedly in the 1990s, averaging just 1.7%, largely because of the aftereffects of inefficient investment and the collapse of an asset price bubble in the late 1980s, which resulted in several years of economic stagnation as firms sought to reduce excess debt, capital, and labor. Modest economic growth continued after 2000, but the economy has fallen into recession four times since 2008.

Japan enjoyed an uptick in growth since 2013, supported by Prime Minister Shinzo ABE's "Three Arrows" economic revitalization agenda - dubbed "Abenomics" - of monetary easing, "flexible" fiscal policy, and structural reform. Led by the Bank of Japan's aggressive monetary easing, Japan is making modest progress in ending deflation, but demographic decline - a low birthrate and an aging, shrinking population - poses a major long-term challenge for the economy. The government currently faces the quandary of balancing its efforts to stimulate growth and institute economic reforms with the need to address its sizable public debt, which stands at 235% of GDP. To help raise government revenue, Japan adopted legislation in 2012 to gradually raise the consumption tax rate. However, the first such increase, in April 2014, led to a sharp contraction, so Prime Minister ABE has twice postponed the next increase, which is now scheduled for October 2019. Structural reforms to unlock productivity are seen as central to strengthening the economy in the long-run.

Scarce in critical natural resources, Japan has long been dependent on imported energy and raw materials. After the complete shutdown of Japan's nuclear reactors following the earthquake and tsunami disaster in 2011, Japan's industrial sector has become even more dependent than before on imported fossil fuels. However, ABE's government is seeking to restart nuclear power plants that meet strict new safety standards and is emphasizing nuclear energy's importance as a base-load electricity source. In August 2015, Japan successfully restarted one nuclear reactor at the Sendai Nuclear Power Plant in Kagoshima prefecture, and several other reactors around the country have since resumed operations; however, opposition from local governments has delayed several more restarts that remain pending. Reforms of the electricity and gas sectors, including full liberalization of Japan's energy market in April 2016 and gas market in April 2017, constitute an important part of Prime Minister Abe's economic program.

Under the Abe Administration, Japan's government sought to open the country's economy to greater foreign competition and create new export opportunities for Japanese businesses, including by joining 11 trading partners in the Trans-Pacific Partnership (TPP). Japan became the first country to ratify the TPP in December 2016, but the United States signaled its withdrawal from the agreement in January 2017. In November 2017 the remaining 11 countries agreed on the core elements of a modified agreement, which they renamed the Comprehensive and Progressive Agreement for Trans-Pacific Partnership (CPTPP). Japan also reached agreement with the European Union on an Economic Partnership Agreement in July 2017, and is likely seek to ratify both agreements in the Diet this year.

Source : CIA

COMPANY SUMMERY

KENKO CORPORATION

REGD NAME: KK Kenko Tsusho

MAIN OFFICE: Iwamotocho Toyo Bldg 4F, 3-1-2 Iwamotocho Chiyodaku Tokyo 101-0032 JAPAN

Tel: 03-3258-8061 Fax: 03-3258-8060

URL: <http://www.kenkoco.com>

E-Mail address: contact@kenkoco.com

ACTIVITIES: Import, export, wholesale of industrial chemicals

BRANCHES: Osaka, Fukuoka

OVERSEAS: China, India, USA, Germany, Israel (--subsidiaries)

OFFICERS: TATSUYA IMO, PRES Yasuo Ohyagi, v pres
Takuo Miyamoto, dir Yoshihiro Kawabata, dir
K B Assis, dir

Yen Amount: In million Yen, unless otherwise stated

SUMMARY:	FINANCES	FAIR	A/SALES	Yen 16,403 M
	PAYMENTS	NO COMPLAINTS	CAPITAL	Yen 100 M
	TREND	STEADY	WORTH	Yen 1,885 M
	STARTED	1965	EMPLOYES	48

COMMENT

TRADING FIRM SPECIALIZING IN INDUSTRIAL CHEMICALS.

FINANCIAL SITUATION CONSIDERED FAIR AND GOOD FOR ORDINARY BUSINESS ENGAGEMENTS.

HIGHLIGHTS

The subject company was established by Satomi Tsuchibe in order to make most of his experience in the subject line of business. Tatsuya Imou took the pres office in Jun/2016. This is a trading firm for import, export and wholesale of food additives, synthetic dyestuffs, organic pigments, fertilizing chemicals, seeds and other industrial chemicals. The firm has 6 divisions: Health-care Div; Food Additive Div; Fine Chemicals Div; Feed Additive Div; Agricultural Div; Mfg/R&D Div. Strong business ties with domestic major chemical firms, such as Nisshin Pharma Inc, a major mfr of chemicals, and Chisso Corp, a leading mfr of fine chemicals, both having shares in the subject. The firm decreased the capital to Yen 100 million in Mar/2018 from the previous Yen 245 million. Actively engaged in overseas operations with offices in China, USA, Russia, India, Israel and Germany, including overseas affiliates.

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FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The sales volume for Mar/2018 fiscal term amounted to Yen 16,403 million, a 26% up from Yen 13,047 million in the previous term. The net profit was posted at Yen 367 million, compared with Yen 539 million a year ago.

For the current term ending Mar 2019 the net profit is projected at Yen 390 million, on a 5% rise in turnover, to Yen 17,230 million.

The financial situation is considered FAIR and good for ORDINARY business engagements.

REGISTRATION

Date Registered: Dec 1965
Regd No.: 0100-01-034552 (Tokyo-Chiyodaku)
Legal Status: Limited Company (Kabushiki Kaisha)
Authorized: 240,000 shares
Issued: 217,866 shares
Sum: Yen 100 million
Major shareholders (%): Yoko Tsuchibe (38), Chisso Corp (2), Nisshin Pharma (2)
No. of shareholders: 20

Nothing detrimental is known as to the commercial morality of executives.

OPERATION

Activities: Trading house for import, export and wholesale of: healthcare products, food additives, fine chemicals, feed additives, agriculture chemicals, nano-tech coating, other (--100%)

Export Agent for:
Nisshin Pharma for exporting their principal product, Co-enzyme Q10 mainly to US market; and:
Chisso Corporation for exporting their fine & organic chemicals mainly to US & European markets.

Clients: [Chemical mfrs, wholesalers] Tohoku Murata Mfg, Nisshin Marubeni Fertilizer, Nissan Gosei Kogyo, Sanyo Chemical Ind, other.

Exports to USA, Europe, Russia, China, India, etc.

No. of accounts: 350

Domestic areas of activities: Nationwide

Suppliers: [Mfrs, wholesalers] Mitsui Chemical, Chisso Corp, Ube Ind, Kaneka Corp, Mitsubishi Corp, Nisshin Pharma, Tokiwa Photochemical, Mitsubishi Rayon, other.
Imports from USA, other from Europe, Asia, etc.

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Payment record: No Complaints

Location: Business area in Tokyo. Office premises at the caption address are leased and maintained satisfactorily.

Bank References:

Mizuho Bank (Nihombashi)
MUFG (Kanda-Ekimae)
Relations: Satisfactory

FINANCES

(In Million Yen)				
Terms Ending:	31/03/2019	31/03/2018	31/03/2017	31/03/2016
Annual Sales	17,230	16,403	13,047	14,165
Recur. Profit	539	225
Net Profit	390	367	-116	200
Total Assets		7,570	7,432	6,515
Net Worth		1,885	1,523	1,652
Capital, Paid-Up		100	245	245
Div Ttl in Million (¥)		0.00	21.79	10.89
<Analytical Data>	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)
S.Growth Rate	5.04	25.72	-7.89	-5.70
Current Ratio	
N.Worth Ratio		24.90	20.49	25.36
N.Profit/Sales	2.26	2.24	-0.89	1.41

Notes: Forecast (or estimated) for the 31/03/2019 fiscal term

FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES

Currency	Unit	Indian Rupees
US Dollar	1	INR 70.32
UK Pound	1	INR 88.98
Euro	1	INR 80.02
Yen	1	INR 0.63

Note : Above are approximate rates obtained from sources believed to be correct

INFORMATION DETAILS

Analysis Done by :	NIY
Report Prepared by :	SYL

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RATING EXPLANATIONS

Credit Rating	Explanation	Rating Comments
A++	Minimum Risk	Business dealings permissible with minimum risk of default
A+	Low Risk	Business dealings permissible with low risk of default
A	Acceptable Risk	Business dealings permissible with moderate risk of default
B	Medium Risk	Business dealings permissible on a regular monitoring basis
C	Medium High Risk	Business dealings permissible preferably on secured basis
D	High Risk	Business dealing not recommended or on secured terms only
NB	New Business	No recommendation can be done due to business in infancy stage
NT	No Trace	No recommendation can be done as the business is not traceable

NB is stated where there is insufficient information to facilitate rating. However, it is not to be considered as unfavourable.

This score serves as a reference to assess SC's credit risk and to set the amount of credit to be extended. It is calculated from a composite of weighted scores obtained from each of the major sections of this report. The assessed factors are as follows:

- Financial condition covering various ratios
- Company background and operations size
- Promoters / Management background
- Payment record
- Litigation against the subject
- Industry scenario / competitor analysis
- Supplier / Customer / Banker review (wherever available)