

## MIRA INFORM REPORT

Report No. :	518908
Report Date :	11.07.2018

### IDENTIFICATION DETAILS

Name :	JINZHOU DONGYA BUILDING MATERIALS CO., LTD.
Registered Office :	Beizhaojiazhuang, Huaishu Town, Jinzhou, Hebei Province, 052260 PR
Country :	China
Date of Incorporation :	12.04.2017
Com. Reg. No.:	911301836610745095
Legal Form :	Limited Liabilities Company
Line of Business :	Subject includes processing and selling keel; selling building materials equipment, decorative materials and modified starch; importing and exporting goods and technology.
No. of Employees :	Not Available

### RATING & COMMENTS

(Mira Inform has adopted New Rating mechanism w.e.f. 23<sup>rd</sup> January 2017)

MIRA's Rating :	B
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Credit Rating	Explanation	Rating Comments
B	Medium Risk	Business dealings permissible on a regular monitoring basis

Status :	Moderate
Payment Behaviour :	Unknown
Litigation :	Clear

#### NOTES:

Any query related to this report can be made on e-mail: [infodept@mirainform.com](mailto:infodept@mirainform.com) while quoting report number, name and date.

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**ECGC Country Risk Classification List**

Country Name	Previous Rating (31.12.2017)	Current Rating (01.04.2018)
China	A2	A1

Risk Category	ECGC Classification
Insignificant	A1
Low Risk	A2
Moderately Low Risk	B1
Moderate Risk	B2
Moderately High Risk	C1
High Risk	C2
Very High Risk	D

**CHINA - ECONOMIC OVERVIEW**

Since the late 1970s, China has moved from a closed, centrally planned system to a more market-oriented one that plays a major global role. China has implemented reforms in a gradualist fashion, resulting in efficiency gains that have contributed to a more than tenfold increase in GDP since 1978. Reforms began with the phaseout of collectivized agriculture, and expanded to include the gradual liberalization of prices, fiscal decentralization, increased autonomy for state enterprises, growth of the private sector, development of stock markets and a modern banking system, and opening to foreign trade and investment. China continues to pursue an industrial policy, state support of key sectors, and a restrictive investment regime. Measured on a purchasing power parity (PPP) basis that adjusts for price differences, China in 2016 stood as the largest economy in the world, surpassing the US in 2014 for the first time in modern history. China became the world's largest exporter in 2010, and the largest trading nation in 2013. Still, China's per capita income is below the world average.

After keeping its currency tightly linked to the US dollar for years, China in July 2005 moved to an exchange rate system that references a basket of currencies. From mid-2005 to late 2008, the renminbi appreciated more than 20% against the US dollar, but the exchange rate remained virtually pegged to the dollar from the onset of the global financial crisis until June 2010, when Beijing announced it would allow a resumption of gradual liberalization. From 2013 until early 2015, the renminbi (RMB) appreciated roughly 2% against the dollar, but the exchange rate fell 13% from mid-2015 until end-2016 amid strong capital outflows in part stemming from the August 2015 official devaluation; in 2017 the RMB resumed appreciating against the dollar – roughly 7% from end-of-2016 to end-of-2017. From 2013 to 2017, China had one of the fastest growing economies in the world, averaging slightly more than 7% real growth per year. In 2015, the People's Bank of China announced it would continue to carefully push for full convertibility of the renminbi, after the currency was accepted as part of the IMF's special drawing rights basket. However, since late 2015 the Chinese Government has strengthened capital controls and oversight of overseas investments to better manage the exchange rate and maintain financial stability.

The Chinese Government faces numerous economic challenges including: (a) reducing its high domestic savings rate and correspondingly low domestic household consumption; (b) managing its high corporate debt burden to maintain financial stability; (c) controlling off-balance sheet local government debt used to finance infrastructure stimulus; (d) facilitating higher-wage job opportunities for the aspiring middle class, including rural migrants and college graduates, while maintaining competitiveness; (e) dampening speculative investment in the real estate sector without sharply slowing the economy; (f) reducing industrial overcapacity; and (g) raising productivity growth rates through the more efficient allocation of capital and state-support for innovation. Economic development has progressed further in coastal provinces than in the interior, and by 2016 more than 169.3 million migrant workers and their dependents had relocated to urban areas to find work. One consequence of China's population control policy known as the "one-child policy" - which was relaxed in 2016 to permit all families to have two children - is that China is now one of the most rapidly aging countries in the world. Deterioration in the environment - notably air pollution, soil erosion, and the steady fall of the water table, especially in the North - is another long-term problem. China continues to lose arable land because of erosion and urbanization. The Chinese Government is seeking to add energy production capacity from sources other than coal and oil, focusing on natural gas, nuclear, and clean energy development. In 2016, China ratified the Paris Agreement, a multilateral agreement to combat climate change, and committed to peak its carbon dioxide emissions between 2025 and 2030.

The government's 13th Five-Year Plan, unveiled in March 2016, emphasizes the need to increase innovation and boost domestic consumption to make the economy less dependent on government investment, exports, and heavy industry. However, China has made more progress on subsidizing innovation than rebalancing the economy. Beijing has committed to giving the market a more decisive role in allocating resources, but the Chinese Government's policies continue to favor state-owned enterprises and emphasize stability. Chinese leaders in 2010 pledged to double China's GDP by 2020, and the 13th Five Year Plan includes annual economic

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**MIRA INFORM PRIVATE LIMITED**  
605, Palmspring, Near D'Mart, Link Road,  
Malad (West), Mumbai - 400 064. INDIA  
Tel : 91-22-40448000 (44 lines)  
Fax : 91-22-40448045 / 40448046  
E-mail : mira@mirainform.com  
info@mirainform.com  
Website : <http://www.mirainform.com>  
<http://www.miraglobalcheck.com>  
<http://www.miraglobalcollections.com>

growth targets of at least 6.5% through 2020 to achieve that goal. In recent years, China has renewed its support for state-owned enterprises in sectors considered important to "economic security," explicitly looking to foster globally competitive industries. Chinese leaders also have undermined some market-oriented reforms by reaffirming the "dominant" role of the state in the economy, a stance that threatens to discourage private initiative and make the economy less efficient over time. The slight acceleration in economic growth in 2017—the first such uptick since 2010—gives Beijing more latitude to pursue its economic reforms, focusing on financial sector deleveraging and its Supply-Side Structural Reform agenda, first announced in late 2015.

Source : CIA

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## **COMPANY NAME AND ADDRESS**

**JINZHOU DONGYA BUILDING MATERIALS CO., LTD.**  
BEIZHAOJIAZHANG, HUAISHU TOWN, JINZHOU,  
HEBEI PROVINCE, 052260 PR CHINA (REGISTERED ADDRESS)  
TEL: 86 (0) 18131120968      FAX: N/A

## **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

INCORPORATION DATE	: APR. 12, 2007
CREDIBILITY CODE	: 911301836610745095
REGISTERED LEGAL FORM	: LIMITED LIABILITIES CO.
CHIEF EXECUTIVE	: ZHANG XICHUN (EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR)
STAFF STRENGTH	: N/A
REGISTERED CAPITAL	: CNY 1,500,000
BUSINESS LINE	: PROCESSING AND TRADING
TURNOVER	: N/A
EQUITIES	: N/A
PAYMENT	: UNKNOWN
MARKET CONDITION	: AVERAGE
FINANCIAL CONDITION	: N/A
OPERATIONAL TREND	: FAIRLY STEADY
GENERAL REPUTATION	: AVERAGE

### **Adopted abbreviations:**

ANS - amount not stated  
NS - not stated  
SC - subject company (the company inquired by you)  
NA - not available  
CNY – China Yuan Ren Min Bi

## HISTORY

Note: the given tel. no. "+86-311-84431688" couldn't be connected.

SC's staff declined to release the operating address, while the given address "18 # Jinzhou Development Zone, 052260 Hebei Province China" is not confirmed.

SC's staff declined to release whether the name "FRIEND IMPORT & EXPORT CO LIMITED" has relationship with SC.

SC was registered as a limited liabilities co. at local Administration for Industry & Commerce (AIC - The official body of issuing and renewing business license) on Apr. 12, 2007.

### Company Status: Limited liabilities co.

This form of business in PR China is defined as a legal person. No more than fifty shareholders contribute its registered capital jointly. Shareholders bear limited liability to the extent of shareholding, and the co. is liable for its debts only to extent of its total assets. The characteristics of this form of co. are as follows:

Upon the establishment of the co., an investment certificate is issued to the each of shareholders.

The board of directors is comprised of three to thirteen members.

The minimum registered capital for a co. is CNY 30,000.

Shareholders may take their capital contributions in cash or by means of tangible assets or intangible assets such as industrial property and non-patented technology.

Cash contributed by all shareholders must account for at least 30% of the registered capital.

Existing shareholders have pre-exemption right to purchase shares of the co. offered for sale by the other shareholders and to subscribe for the newly increased registered capital of the co.

SC's registered business scope includes processing and selling keel; selling building materials equipment, decorative materials and modified starch; importing and exporting goods and technology (excluding items prohibited by legal, administrative rules and regulations, and operating the limited items after obtaining the permits).

SC is mainly engaged in processing and selling building materials.

Zhang Xichun is legal representative and executive director of SC at present.

SC's staff declined to release the number of employees.

SC's staff declined to release the operating address, so it could not be confirmed whether the company operates from the Registered Office address or in another location.

## WEB SITE

<http://www.dybm.net> The design is professional and the content is well organized. At present it is in English version.

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E-mail: [sales@dybm.net](mailto:sales@dybm.net)

**KEY EVENTS/RECENT DEVELOPMENT**

No significant changes were found during our checks with the local Administration for Industry and Commerce.

Import/ Export License No: 1300661074509

Certificates:



**LITIGATION**

For the past two years there is no record of litigation.

**OWNERSHIP/MANAGEMENT**

**MAIN SHAREHOLDERS:**

Name	Amount (CNY)	% of Shareholding
Zhang Yingzhi	500,000	33.33
Zhang Xichun	500,000	33.33
Li Xiaozong	500,000	33.33

**MANAGEMENT**

- **Legal representative and executive director:**

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Zhang Xichun is currently responsible for the overall management of SC.

Working Experience(s):

At present Working in SC as legal representative and executive director.

● **Supervisor:**

Zhang Yingzhi

## BUSINESS OPERATIONS

SC is mainly engaged in processing and selling building materials.

SC's products mainly include:

Mineral Ceiling Board

PVC Gypsum Board

Ceiling T Grid

Mgo Board

Fiber Cement Board



According to SC's staff, SC sells its products in domestic market, and to overseas market.

The payment terms of SC include Check, T/T, L/C and Credit of 30-60 days.

Trademark & Patents

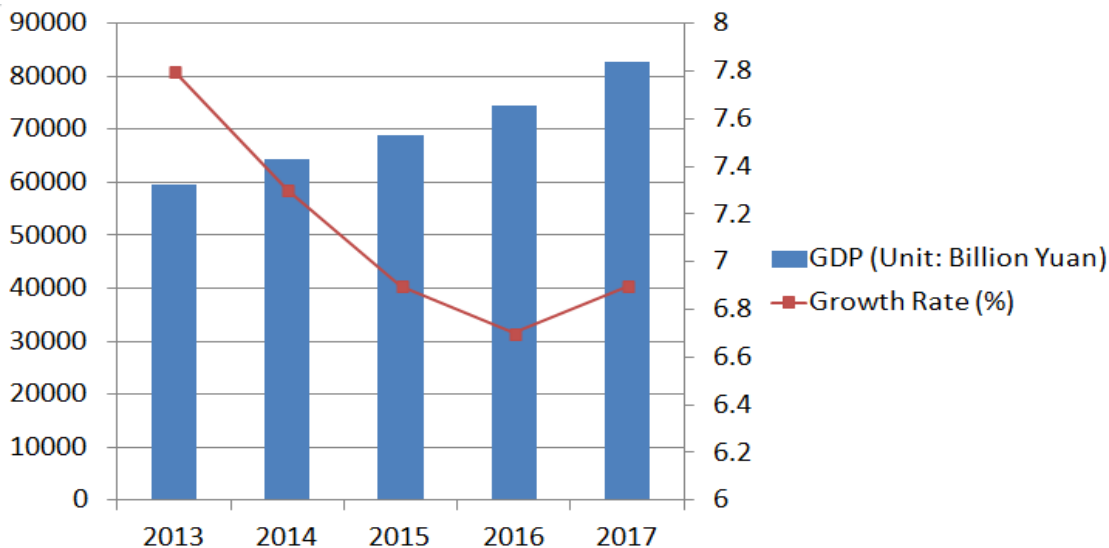
No record

**Note: SC's management declined to release its major clients and suppliers.**

**Industry code: 3024**

**Industry name: Lightweight building materials manufacturing**

The gross domestic product of China in 2017 which is 82,712.17 billion that is increased 6.9% than previous year.



Building materials industry mainly including building materials (cement, glass, ceramics, Gypsum board, concrete iron, plastic sheet, pipe, etc.) and decorative materials (glass, flooring, hardware, wallpaper wall Cloth, etc.).

In 2015, main business income of building materials enterprises which above designated size was 7.3 trillion yuan, increased by 3.3% year on year and growth rate decreased by 6.8% year on year. Among them, cement manufacturing 889.7 billion yuan, decreased by 9.4% year on year, flat glass 59.6 billion yuan, decreased by 14.3% year on year. Cement products, building ceramics, glass fiber were 924.8 billion yuan, 451.1 billion yuan, 165.4 billion yuan, respectively, increase by 3.2%, 2.9%, 9.7% year on year.

The export amount of building materials was 38.3 billion US dollars in 2015, increased by 6.1% year on year, although the growth rate is the lowest since the international financial crisis in 2008, but in view of export prices, the export competitiveness building materials increased. The export amount of building sanitary ceramics was 13.8 billion US dollars throughout the year, increased by 15.8% year on year; from the perspective of export product categories, construction and sanitary ceramics, building stone, construction and technical glass products account for 69% of total exports.

## RELATED COMPANIES

SC is not known to have any subsidiary at present.

## PAYMENT

### Overall payment appraisal:

( ) Excellent ( ) Good (X) Average ( ) Fair ( ) Poor ( ) Not yet determined

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The appraisal serves as a reference to reveal SC's payments habits and ability to pay. It is based on the 3 weighed factors: Trade payment experience (through current enquiry with SC's suppliers), our delinquent payment records and our debt collection record concerning SC.

**Trade payment experience:** SC did not provide any name of trade/service suppliers and we have no other sources to conduct the enquiry at present.

**Delinquent payment record:** None in our database.

**Debt collection record:** No overdue amount owed by SC was placed to us for collection within the last 6 years.

### **BANKING**

SC's management declined to release the bank information of SC.

### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

SC's management declined to release any financial information.

### **REMARKS**

SC has a development history of 11 years. Taking into consideration of SC's market conditions we would rate SC as an above average credit risk company. And credit dealings with SC should be confined into small amount at present.

**FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES**

Currency	Unit	Indian Rupees
US Dollar	1	INR 68.79
UK Pound	1	INR 91.11
Euro	1	INR 80.78
CNY	1	INR 10.33

**Note:** Above are approximate rates obtained from sources believed to be correct

**INFORMATION DETAILS**

<b>Analysis Done by :</b>	VAR
<b>Report Prepared by :</b>	NIT

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**RATING EXPLANATIONS**

Credit Rating	Explanation	Rating Comments
A++	Minimum Risk	Business dealings permissible with minimum risk of default
A+	Low Risk	Business dealings permissible with low risk of default
A	Acceptable Risk	Business dealings permissible with moderate risk of default
B	Medium Risk	Business dealings permissible on a regular monitoring basis
C	Medium High Risk	Business dealings permissible preferably on secured basis
D	High Risk	Business dealing not recommended or on secured terms only
NB	New Business	No recommendation can be done due to business in infancy stage
NT	No Trace	No recommendation can be done as the business is not traceable

NB is stated where there is insufficient information to facilitate rating. However, it is not to be considered as unfavourable.

This score serves as a reference to assess SC's credit risk and to set the amount of credit to be extended. It is calculated from a composite of weighted scores obtained from each of the major sections of this report. The assessed factors are as follows:

- Financial condition covering various ratios
- Company background and operations size
- Promoters / Management background
- Payment record
- Litigation against the subject
- Industry scenario / competitor analysis
- Supplier / Customer / Banker review (wherever available)