

MIRA INFORM REPORT

Report No. :	519791
Report Date :	14.07.2018

IDENTIFICATION DETAILS

Name :	ANERI JEWELS, L.L.C.
Registered Office :	15 West 47th St Ste 307 New York, New York, 10036, USA
Country :	United States
Financials (as on) :	2017 [Summarized]
Date of Incorporation :	06.05.2008
Legal Form :	Limited Liability Company
Line of Business :	The company's line of business includes the wholesale distribution of jewelry, precious stones and metals, costume jewelry, watches, clocks, and silverware.
No. of Employees :	28

RATING & COMMENTS

(Mira Inform has adopted New Rating mechanism w.e.f. 23rd January 2017)

MIRA's Rating :	B
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Credit Rating	Explanation	Rating Comments
B	Medium Risk	Business dealings permissible on a regular monitoring basis

Status :	Moderate
Payment Behaviour :	Slow
Litigation :	Clear

NOTES :

Any query related to this report can be made on e-mail : infodept@mirainform.com while quoting report number, name and date.

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ECGC Country Risk Classification List

Country Name	Previous Rating (31.12.2017)	Current Rating (01.04.2018)
United States	A1	A1

Risk Category	ECGC Classification
Insignificant	A1
Low Risk	A2
Moderately Low Risk	B1
Moderate Risk	B2
Moderately High Risk	C1
High Risk	C2
Very High Risk	D

UNITED STATES - ECONOMIC OVERVIEW

The US has the most technologically powerful economy in the world, with a per capita GDP of \$59,500. US firms are at or near the forefront in technological advances, especially in computers, pharmaceuticals, and medical, aerospace, and military equipment; however, their advantage has narrowed since the end of World War II. Based on a comparison of GDP measured at purchasing power parity conversion rates, the US economy in 2014, having stood as the largest in the world for more than a century, slipped into second place behind China, which has more than tripled the US growth rate for each year of the past four decades.

In the US, private individuals and business firms make most of the decisions, and the federal and state governments buy needed goods and services predominantly in the private marketplace. US business firms enjoy greater flexibility than their counterparts in Western Europe and Japan in decisions to expand capital plant, to lay off surplus workers, and to develop new products. At the same time, businesses face higher barriers to enter their rivals' home markets than foreign firms face entering US markets.

Long-term problems for the US include stagnation of wages for lower-income families, inadequate investment in deteriorating infrastructure, rapidly rising medical and pension costs of an aging population, energy shortages, and sizable current account and budget deficits.

The onrush of technology has been a driving factor in the gradual development of a "two-tier" labor market in which those at the bottom lack the education and the professional/technical skills of those at the top and, more and more, fail to get comparable pay raises, health insurance coverage, and other benefits. But the globalization of trade, and especially the rise of low-wage producers such as China, has put additional downward pressure on wages and upward pressure on the return to capital. Since 1975, practically all the gains in household income have gone to the top 20% of households. Since 1996, dividends and capital gains have grown faster than wages or any other category of after-tax income.

Imported oil accounts for more than 50% of US consumption and oil has a major impact on the overall health of the economy. Crude oil prices doubled between 2001 and 2006, the year home prices peaked; higher gasoline prices ate into consumers' budgets and many individuals fell behind in their mortgage payments. Oil prices climbed another 50% between 2006 and 2008, and bank foreclosures more than doubled in the same period. Besides dampening the housing market, soaring oil prices caused a drop in the value of the dollar and a deterioration in the US merchandise trade deficit, which peaked at \$840 billion in 2008. Because the US economy is energy-intensive, falling oil prices since 2013 have alleviated many of the problems the earlier increases had created.

The sub-prime mortgage crisis, falling home prices, investment bank failures, tight credit, and the global economic downturn pushed the US into a recession by mid-2008. GDP contracted until the third quarter of 2009, the deepest and longest downturn since the Great Depression. To help stabilize financial markets, the US Congress established a \$700 billion Troubled Asset Relief Program (TARP) in October 2008. The government used some of these funds to purchase equity in US banks and industrial corporations, much of which had been returned to the government by early 2011. In January 2009, Congress passed and former President Barack OBAMA signed a bill providing an additional \$787 billion fiscal stimulus to be used over 10 years - two-thirds on additional spending and one-third on tax cuts - to create jobs and to help the economy recover. In 2010 and 2011, the federal budget deficit reached nearly 9% of GDP. In 2012, the Federal Government reduced the growth of spending and the deficit shrank to 7.6% of GDP. US revenues from taxes and other sources are lower, as a percentage of GDP, than those of most other countries.

Wars in Iraq and Afghanistan required major shifts in national resources from civilian to military purposes and contributed to the growth of the budget deficit and public debt. Through FY 2018, the direct costs of the wars will have totaled more than \$1.9 trillion, according to US Government figures.

In March 2010, former President OBAMA signed into law the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (ACA), a health insurance reform that was designed to extend coverage to an additional 32 million Americans by 2016,

through private health insurance for the general population and Medicaid for the impoverished. Total spending on healthcare - public plus private - rose from 9.0% of GDP in 1980 to 17.9% in 2010.

In July 2010, the former president signed the DODD-FRANK Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act, a law designed to promote financial stability by protecting consumers from financial abuses, ending taxpayer bailouts of financial firms, dealing with troubled banks that are "too big to fail," and improving accountability and transparency in the financial system - in particular, by requiring certain financial derivatives to be traded in markets that are subject to government regulation and oversight.

In December 2012, the Federal Reserve Board (Fed) announced plans to purchase \$85 billion per month of mortgage-backed and Treasury securities in an effort to hold down long-term interest rates, and to keep short-term rates near zero until unemployment dropped below 6.5% or inflation rose above 2.5%. The Fed ended its purchases during the summer of 2014, after the unemployment rate dropped to 6.2%, inflation stood at 1.7%, and public debt fell below 74% of GDP. In December 2015, the Fed raised its target for the benchmark federal funds rate by 0.25%, the first increase since the recession began. With continued low growth, the Fed opted to raise rates several times since then, and in December 2017, the target rate stood at 1.5%.

In December 2017, Congress passed and President Donald TRUMP signed the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act, which, among its various provisions, reduces the corporate tax rate from 35% to 21%; lowers the individual tax rate for those with the highest incomes from 39.6% to 37%, and by lesser percentages for those at lower income levels; changes many deductions and credits used to calculate taxable income; and eliminates in 2019 the penalty imposed on taxpayers who do not obtain the minimum amount of health insurance required under the ACA. The new taxes took effect on 1 January 2018; the tax cut for corporations are permanent, but those for individuals are scheduled to expire after 2025. The Joint Committee on Taxation (JCT) under the Congressional Budget Office estimates that the new law will reduce tax revenues and increase the federal deficit by about \$1.45 trillion over the 2018-2027 period. This amount would decline if economic growth were to exceed the JCT's estimate.

Source : CIA

LOCATION FACTS

Government	Federal
Currency	USD
Economic Risk	Nil

STATUTORY INFORMATION

Order	LAXMI DIAMOND N Y (The name given in the order is the company's trade name).
Legal Name	ANERI JEWELS, L.L.C.
Trade Name	LAXMI DIAMOND NY/ SUMIT DIAMOND
ID	ID
ID Details	3667658
Creation Date	2008
Incorporation Date	MAY 06, 2008
Legal Address	15 West 47th St Ste 307 New York, New York, 10036, USA
Operative Address	592 5th Ave FL 4 New York, NY, 10036-4707 United States
Telephone	+1 212-840-4506
Fax	+1 212-354-5182
Legal Form	Limited Liability Company
E-Mail	-
Registered In	NEW YORK
Website	www.sumitdiamond.com
Contact	Kumar Javeri - President
Staff	28
Activity	SIC Code 5094 Jewelry, Watches, Precious Stones,

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and Precious Metals

BANKS

Name of Bank	Reported Amount
BANK OF AMERICA	
ANTWERPSE DIAMANTBANK N.V.	
ROSENTHAL & ROSENTHAL, INC.	
SANTANDER FACTORING AND CONFIRMING EFC	

HISTORY

History	Aneri Jewels, L.L.C. was founded in 2008.
Key Developments	NA
Parent Company	NA

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

General Description	The company's line of business includes the wholesale distribution of jewelry, precious stones and metals, costume jewelry, watches, clocks, and silverware.
Service/Product Description	The company offers jewelry, precious stones and metals, costume jewelry, watches, clocks, and silverware.
Sales	Wholesale
Operations Area	National and International
Imports From	INDIA
Export To	MEXICO
Employees	28 employees

Payments with Suppliers		Slow	
Brands			
Brand		Comments	
SUMIT DIAMOND		-	
LAXMI DIAMOND		-	
Clients			
Name of Client	Country		Comments
Lanuz S.A. De C.V.	MEXICO		-
Comments		-	
Suppliers			
Supplier Name	Country		Comments
Drc Techno	INDIA		-
Comments		-	

LOCATION

Headquarters	592 5TH AVE FL 4 NEW YORK, NY, 10036-4707 United States
Branches	No branches found.

GROUP STRUCTURE AND SUBDIARY COMPANIES

Listed at the stock exchange	NO
Capital	NA
Shareholders (%)	The company does not disclose information on shareholders. We were not able to confirm major holders.
Management	Kumar Javeri - President Amit Javeri - Executive Vice President Sumit Javeri - Managing Director
Subsidiary Companies	No subsidiary companies were found.

Related Companies

The company has offices in Mumbai and Surat, India as well as Hong Kong.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

General Description

The company does not make its financial statements public. The following information has been provided by private sources:

Year/Currency

USD 2017

Sales

56.000.000

Money Flow

Normal

Import Fob Dollar
Year

Amount

There are not Import Fob Dollar informed

Export Fob Dollar
Year

Amount

There are not Export Fob Dollar informed

LEGAL FILINGS

Lawsuits

No records found.

Trademarks

MY FIRST LOVE
Diamond jewelry; Jewelry
Owned by: ANERI JEWELS, L.L.C.
Serial Number: 86837929

FLORA DIAMOND
Diamond jewelry; Jewelry
Owned by: ANERI JEWELS, L.L.C.
Serial Number: 86838019

ANERI JEWELS
Jewelry
Owned by: ANERI JEWELS, L.L.C.
Serial Number: 88020358

AJ

Patents Registered

Jewelry
Owned by: ANERI JEWELS, L.L.C.
Serial Number: 88020461
No records found.

Renewals

Filing Date Name Type Entity Name
MAY 06, 2008 Actual ANERI JEWELS, L.L.C.
Debtor Names: ANERI JEWELS, L.L.C.
15 WEST 47TH STREET, SUITE 307, NEW YORK,
NY 10036, USA
Secured Party Names: ANTWERPSE
DIAMANTBANK N.V.
PELIKAANSTRAAT 54, ANTWERPEN, NA 2018, BEL
File no. File Date Lapse Date Filing Type
201204170217720 04/17/2012 04/17/2017 Financing
Statement
201507150355845 07/15/2015 04/17/2017
Termination

UCC (Uniform Commercial Code)

Debtor Names: ANERI JEWELS, L.L.C.
592 FIFTH AVE., 4TH FLOOR, NEW YORK, NY
10036, USA
Secured Party Names: ROSENTHAL & ROSENTHAL,
INC.
1370 BROADWAY, NEW YORK, NY 10018, USA
File no. File Date Lapse Date Filing Type
201510066120777 10/06/2015 10/06/2020 Financing
Statement

OFAC Sanctions List Search

Debtor Names: ANERI JEWELS LLC
15W. 47TH STREET, SUIT 307, NEW YORK, NY
10036, USA
Secured Party Names: SANTANDER FACTORING
AND CONFIRMING EFC
AVENIDA GRAN VIA DE HORTALEZA 3, MADRID,
SP 28043, ESP
File no. File Date Lapse Date Filing Type
201704075411156 04/07/2017 04/07/2022 Financing
Statement
The company is not listed in the OFAC Sanctions List.

SUMMARY

Summary

Founded in 2008, ANERI JEWELS, L.L.C. is an organization in the Jewelry, Watches, Precious Stones, and Precious Metals Industry headquartered

in New York, NY. The company has 28 regular employees and generates an estimated \$56 million USD in annual revenue. It operates nationally and internationally, mainly exporting to Mexico. It is ACTIVE in business with a HIGH credit risk.

RISK INFORMATION

Debts	Medium
Payments	Slow
Cash Flow	Normal
State	Active

INTERVIEW

First Name	-
Position	-
Comments	We called number +1 212-840-4506 several times and received no answer.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES

Currency	Unit	Indian Rupees
US Dollar	1	INR 68.41
UK Pound	1	INR 90.07
Euro	1	INR 79.76
US Dollar	1	INR 68.50

Note : Above are approximate rates obtained from sources believed to be correct

INFORMATION DETAILS

Analysis Done by :	PRI
Report Prepared by :	TPT

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RATING EXPLANATIONS

Credit Rating	Explanation	Rating Comments
A++	Minimum Risk	Business dealings permissible with minimum risk of default
A+	Low Risk	Business dealings permissible with low risk of default
A	Acceptable Risk	Business dealings permissible with moderate risk of default
B	Medium Risk	Business dealings permissible on a regular monitoring basis
C	Medium High Risk	Business dealings permissible preferably on secured basis
D	High Risk	Business dealing not recommended or on secured terms only
NB	New Business	No recommendation can be done due to business in infancy stage
NT	No Trace	No recommendation can be done as the business is not traceable

NB is stated where there is insufficient information to facilitate rating. However, it is not to be considered as unfavourable.

This score serves as a reference to assess SC's credit risk and to set the amount of credit to be extended. It is calculated from a composite of weighted scores obtained from each of the major sections of this report. The assessed factors are as follows:

- Financial condition covering various ratios
- Company background and operations size
- Promoters / Management background
- Payment record
- Litigation against the subject
- Industry scenario / competitor analysis
- Supplier / Customer / Banker review (wherever available)