

MIRA INFORM REPORT

Report No. :	520989
Report Date :	25.07.2018

IDENTIFICATION DETAILS

Name :	SHELY DANIEL DIAMONDS
Registered Office :	1 Jabotinsky Street Diamond Exchange, Maccabi Bldg. Ramat Gan 5252001
Country :	Israel
Date of Incorporation :	1993
Legal Form :	Sole proprietorship
Line of Business :	Importers, traders, exporters and marketers of diamonds.
No. of Employees :	Not Available

RATING & COMMENTS

(Mira Inform has adopted New Rating mechanism w.e.f. 23rd January 2017)

MIRA's Rating :	B
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Credit Rating	Explanation	Rating Comments
B	Medium Risk	Business dealings permissible on a regular monitoring basis

Status :	Moderate
Payment Behaviour :	Unknown
Litigation :	Clear

NOTES :

Any query related to this report can be made on e-mail : infodept@mirainform.com while quoting report number, name and date.

ECGC Country Risk Classification List

Country Name	Previous Rating (31.12.2017)	Current Rating (01.04.2018)
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Israel	B1	B1
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Risk Category	ECGC Classification
Insignificant	A1
Low Risk	A2
Moderately Low Risk	B1
Moderate Risk	B2
Moderately High Risk	C1
High Risk	C2
Very High Risk	D

ISRAEL - ECONOMIC OVERVIEW

Israel has a technologically advanced free market economy. Cut diamonds, high-technology equipment, and pharmaceuticals are among its leading exports. Its major imports include crude oil, grains, raw materials, and military equipment. Israel usually posts sizable trade deficits, which are offset by tourism and other service exports, as well as significant foreign investment inflows.

Between 2004 and 2013, growth averaged nearly 5% per year, led by exports. The global financial crisis of 2008-09 spurred a brief recession in Israel, but the country entered the crisis with solid fundamentals, following years of prudent fiscal policy and a resilient banking sector. Israel's economy also weathered the 2011 Arab Spring because strong trade ties outside the Middle East insulated the economy from spillover effects.

Slowing domestic and international demand and decreased investment resulting from Israel's uncertain security situation reduced GDP growth to an average of roughly 2.8% per year during the period 2014-17. Natural gas fields discovered off Israel's coast since 2009 have brightened Israel's energy security outlook. The Tamar and Leviathan fields were some of the world's largest offshore natural gas finds in the last decade. Political and regulatory issues have delayed the development of the massive Leviathan field, but production from Tamar provided a 0.8% boost to Israel's GDP in 2013 and a 0.3% boost in 2014. One of the most carbon intense OECD countries, Israel generates about 57% of its power from coal and only 2.6% from renewable sources.

Income inequality and high housing and commodity prices continue to be a concern for many Israelis. Israel's income inequality and poverty rates are among the highest of OECD countries, and there is a broad perception among the public that a small number of "tycoons" have a cartel-like grip over the major parts of the economy. Government officials have called for reforms to boost the housing supply and to increase competition in the banking sector to address these public grievances. Despite calls for reforms, the restricted housing supply continues to impact younger Israelis seeking to purchase homes. Tariffs and non-tariff barriers, coupled with guaranteed prices and customs tariffs for farmers kept food prices high in 2016. Private consumption is expected to drive growth through 2018, with consumers benefitting from low inflation and a strong currency.

In the long term, Israel faces structural issues including low labor participation rates for its fastest growing social segments - the ultraorthodox and Arab-Israeli communities. Also, Israel's progressive, globally competitive, knowledge-based technology sector employs only about 8% of the workforce, with the rest mostly employed in manufacturing and services - sectors which face downward wage pressures from global competition. Expenditures on educational institutions remain low compared to most other OECD countries with similar GDP per capita.

Source : CIA

COMPANY NAME AND ADDRESS

SHELY DANIEL DIAMONDS

(Name may also spell SHELLY DANIEL DIAMONDS)

Telephone 972 3 613 38 38

Cellular 972 54 397 25 87

Fax 972 3 575 61 74

Email: yashely@walla.com

1 Jabotinsky Street

Diamond Exchange, Maccabi Bldg.

RAMAT GAN 5252001 ISRAEL

HISTORY & LEGAL FORMATION

A sole proprietorship, established in 1993.

Operating under License Dealer No. 064883374.

The business is registered with the Tax Authorities' Files under the name of "HERON SHELY YAAKOV".

OWNERSHIP

Jacob Heron Shely

GENERAL MANAGER

Jacob Heron Shely, born 1953.

(Note: name may also spell Yaakov Ahron Shelly)

BUSINESS

Importers, traders, exporters and marketers of diamonds.

Subject purchases diamonds mainly in Asia and sells in Israel, Europe and the USA. It specializes in diamond wedding rings.

Operating from office premises, in 1 Jabotinsky Street, Diamond Exchange (Room No. 254, 2nd floor), Maccabi Building, Ramat Gan.

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Number of employees not forthcoming.

MEANS

Financial data not forthcoming.

REVENUES

Sales figures not forthcoming.

BANKERS

Based on our records from several years ago:
Israel Discount Bank Ltd., Diamond Exchange Branch (No. 80), Ramat Gan.

Since Jacob Shely refused to disclose data, we could not confirm a/m bank data.

CHARACTER AND REPUTATION

Nothing unfavorable learned.

Subject's owner, Mr. Jacob Shely, refused to disclose any business details (as a matter of principle, he refrains from disclosing such details).

Mr. Shely is veteran in the diamond industry, operating since 1984. In the 2009 elections he was elected as a member of the Diamond Exchange Directorate. During this term he was appointed Chairman of the Committee for Approval of Permanent Members and chairman of the Torah (Religion) Culture Committee (currently still in this position). In 2011 and 2013 elections he was reelected as member of the Diamond Exchange Directorate and since 2013 served as Deputy President and treasurer of the Israel Diamond Exchange.

Export (net) of polished diamonds from Israel in 2017 totaled US\$ 4,478 million, some 4% lower than in 2016 and 2015 (US\$ 4,675 million and US\$ 4,996 million, respectively), and well below 2014 (US\$ 6,269 million) and from its peak on the eve of the crisis in the branch, with export of polished diamonds of US\$ 7 billion.

The diamonds market has been volatile over the last years after experiencing its worst depression due to the global economic crisis, then recovered in 2010 but fell again in 2012. According to Israel's Diamond Administration (IDA) at the Ministry of Economics, profit margins have been decreasing due to smaller gaps between rough (increasing) and polished (decreasing) diamond prices.

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In addition, the local diamond sector has been negatively affected by other significant factors: the production of counterfeit diamonds, whose quality keeps improving (harming the raw diamonds market), the entrance of new rules by the local Tax Authorities on the Diamond Exchange for enforcing money laundering, and the "underground bank" affair – as below.

As a result, local diamond dealers report on difficulties in executing transactions and bad atmosphere in the branch. Signs of recovery appeared towards the last quarter of 2016 – mainly due to the growing stability of the market and the industry's agreement with the Israel Tax Authority in December, yet the market is still volatile, as witnessed with the endurance of the depression trend during most of 2017.

Export (net) of rough diamonds fell 10.4% in the first 9 months of 2017 (compared to the parallel period in 2016), reaching US\$ 1,796 million (summed up to US\$ 2,702 million in all 2016, 23% higher than 2015).

Net imports of polished diamonds in 2017 totaled US\$ 2,700 million, compared to US\$ 3,282 million in 2016.

Net import of rough diamonds summed at US\$ 3,246 million in 2016, up 16.7% from 2015, and reached US\$ 2,089 million in the first 9 months of 2017, down 11.6% compared to 2016.

The United States continued to be Israel's major market for polished diamonds, accounting for 45% of the market in the first 9 months 2017 (was 39% in 2016). Hong Kong is 2nd largest market with 30% of exports (26% in 2016), followed by Switzerland 9% (7%), Belgium 8% (8%), and the rest of the world account for the remaining 8% of Israel's polished diamond export.

An affair of an "underground bank" (known as the "Check List" Affair) shocked the local diamond branch, after in late January 2012 Police raided the Diamond Exchange (after a long undercover operation), arrested several individuals for investigation, caught diamonds and various assets worth NIS millions, and blocked several bank accounts. It is suspected that a group of people, including diamond dealers, run an illegal bank in the Diamond Exchange compound for loans, money transfer abroad based on fictitious transactions and exchange in volume of NIS 1 billion for several years.

The affair led to several of reported bankruptcies of local diamond firms, a decrease of up to 70% in transactions in 2012, and for a while to paralysis (especially in raw diamonds purchase) due to uncertainty among local and foreign dealers. Later in 2012 the Police decided to lower the profile of the investigation for a while (pressure from the diamond branch due to the continuing damage inflicted and the Government (losing US\$ hundred millions from decrease in tax collection), but resumed investigation in 2013.

In mid-2014, based on the Police and Tax Authorities recommendations, the State Attorney started the process of filing indictments against central defendants in the affair, initially against dealers who provided foreign currency services to the "bank" (in June 2015 the court made the first conviction in the affair, sending a foreign currency dealer who pretended also to be a diamond dealer, for 4 years prison, a fine and confiscation of assets in volume of NIS millions, part of a plea bargain). Since late 2015 indictments for severe charges pressed against 11 diamond dealers and their firms for tax felonies committed and issuing fictitious invoices in volumes of millions US\$ (latest indictments filed by the Tel Aviv District Attorney in August 2016). In the case of one of the prosecuted, a plea bargain was reached in May 2018 (fines and serving community services). Other cases are pending.

SUMMARY

On one hand subject is veteran, Mr. Shely known in the industry, therefore suitable for trade engagements. On the other hand, considering the refusal to disclose any details, it is difficult to recommend on credits.

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FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES

Currency	Unit	Indian Rupees
US Dollar	1	INR 69.05
UK Pound	1	INR 90.30
Euro	1	INR 80.54
ILS	1	INR 18.35

Note : Above are approximate rates obtained from sources believed to be correct

INFORMATION DETAILS

Analysis Done by :	NIY
Report Prepared by :	TRU

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RATING EXPLANATIONS

Credit Rating	Explanation	Rating Comments
A++	Minimum Risk	Business dealings permissible with minimum risk of default
A+	Low Risk	Business dealings permissible with low risk of default
A	Acceptable Risk	Business dealings permissible with moderate risk of default
B	Medium Risk	Business dealings permissible on a regular monitoring basis
C	Medium High Risk	Business dealings permissible preferably on secured basis
D	High Risk	Business dealing not recommended or on secured terms only
NB	New Business	No recommendation can be done due to business in infancy stage
NT	No Trace	No recommendation can be done as the business is not traceable

NB is stated where there is insufficient information to facilitate rating. However, it is not to be considered as unfavourable.

This score serves as a reference to assess SC's credit risk and to set the amount of credit to be extended. It is calculated from a composite of weighted scores obtained from each of the major sections of this report. The assessed factors are as follows:

- Financial condition covering various ratios
- Company background and operations size
- Promoters / Management background
- Payment record
- Litigation against the subject
- Industry scenario / competitor analysis
- Supplier / Customer / Banker review (wherever available)