

## MIRA INFORM REPORT

|                      |            |
|----------------------|------------|
| <b>Report No. :</b>  | 535705     |
| <b>Report Date :</b> | 22.10.2018 |

### IDENTIFICATION DETAILS

|                                |   |
|--------------------------------|---|
| <b>Name :</b>                  | HOKUSAY RUBBER INDUSTRY CO LTD                  |
| <b>Registered Office :</b>     | 362-14 Oka Kurobe City Toyama-Pref              |
| <b>Country :</b>               | Japan   |
| <b>Financials (as on) :</b>    | 31.07.2017                                      |
| <b>Date of Incorporation :</b> | Dec 1949  |
| <b>Com. Reg. No.:</b>          | 2300-01-007421                                  |
| <b>Legal Form :</b>            | Limited Company                                 |
| <b>Line of Business :</b>      | Manufactures industrial rubber products, others |
| <b>No. of Employees :</b>      | 366   |

### RATING & COMMENTS

(Mira Inform has adopted New Rating mechanism w.e.f. 23<sup>rd</sup> January 2017)

|                        |   |
|------------------------|---|
| <b>MIRA's Rating :</b> | A |
|------------------------|---|

| Credit Rating | Explanation     | Rating Comments   |
|---------------|-----------------|---|
| A             | Acceptable Risk | Business dealings permissible with moderate risk of default |

|                               |                   |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|
| <b>Maximum Credit Limit :</b> | Yen 299.1 Million |
| <b>Status :</b>               | Good              |
| <b>Payment Behaviour :</b>    | No Complaints     |
| <b>Litigation :</b>           | Clear             |

### NOTES :

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**ECGC Country Risk Classification List**

| Country Name | Previous Rating<br>(30.06.2018) | Current Rating<br>(30.09.2018) |
|--------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Japan        | A1                              | A1                             |

| Risk Category        | ECGC Classification |
|----------------------|---------------------|
| Insignificant        | A1                  |
| Low Risk             | A2                  |
| Moderately Low Risk  | B1                  |
| Moderate Risk        | B2                  |
| Moderately High Risk | C1                  |
| High Risk            | C2                  |
| Very High Risk       | D                   |

## JAPAN - ECONOMIC OVERVIEW

Over the past 70 years, government-industry cooperation, a strong work ethic, mastery of high technology, and a comparatively small defense allocation (slightly less than 1% of GDP) have helped Japan develop an advanced economy. Two notable characteristics of the post-World War II economy were the close interlocking structures of manufacturers, suppliers, and distributors, known as keiretsu, and the guarantee of lifetime employment for a substantial portion of the urban labor force. Both features have significantly eroded under the dual pressures of global competition and domestic demographic change.

Measured on a purchasing power parity basis that adjusts for price differences, Japan in 2017 stood as the fourth-largest economy in the world after first-place China, which surpassed Japan in 2001, and third-place India, which edged out Japan in 2012. For three postwar decades, overall real economic growth was impressive - averaging 10% in the 1960s, 5% in the 1970s, and 4% in the 1980s. Growth slowed markedly in the 1990s, averaging just 1.7%, largely because of the aftereffects of inefficient investment and the collapse of an asset price bubble in the late 1980s, which resulted in several years of economic stagnation as firms sought to reduce excess debt, capital, and labor. Modest economic growth continued after 2000, but the economy has fallen into recession four times since 2008.

Japan enjoyed an uptick in growth since 2013, supported by Prime Minister Shinzo ABE's "Three Arrows" economic revitalization agenda - dubbed "Abenomics" - of monetary easing, "flexible" fiscal policy, and structural reform. Led by the Bank of Japan's aggressive monetary easing, Japan is making modest progress in ending deflation, but demographic decline - a low birthrate and an aging, shrinking population - poses a major long-term challenge for the economy. The government currently faces the quandary of balancing its efforts to stimulate growth and institute economic reforms with the need to address its sizable public debt, which stands at 235% of GDP. To help raise government revenue, Japan adopted legislation in 2012 to gradually raise the consumption tax rate. However, the first such increase, in April 2014, led to a sharp contraction, so Prime Minister ABE has twice postponed the next increase, which is now scheduled for October 2019. Structural reforms to unlock productivity are seen as central to strengthening the economy in the long-run.

Scarce in critical natural resources, Japan has long been dependent on imported energy and raw materials. After the complete shutdown of Japan's nuclear reactors following the earthquake and tsunami disaster in 2011, Japan's industrial sector has become even more dependent than before on imported fossil fuels. However, ABE's government is seeking to restart nuclear power plants that meet strict new safety standards and is emphasizing nuclear energy's importance as a base-load electricity source. In August 2015, Japan successfully restarted one nuclear reactor at the Sendai Nuclear Power Plant in Kagoshima prefecture, and several other reactors around the country have since resumed operations; however, opposition from local governments has delayed several more restarts that remain pending. Reforms of the electricity and gas sectors, including full liberalization of Japan's energy market in April 2016 and gas market in April 2017, constitute an important part of Prime Minister Abe's economic program.

Under the Abe Administration, Japan's government sought to open the country's economy to greater foreign competition and create new export opportunities for Japanese businesses, including by joining 11 trading partners in the Trans-Pacific Partnership (TPP). Japan became the first country to ratify the TPP in December 2016, but the United States signaled its withdrawal from the agreement in January 2017. In November 2017 the remaining 11 countries agreed on the core elements of a modified agreement, which they renamed the Comprehensive and Progressive Agreement for Trans-Pacific Partnership (CPTPP). Japan also reached agreement with the European Union on an Economic Partnership Agreement in July 2017, and is likely seek to ratify both agreements in the Diet this year.

Source : CIA

## **COMPANY NAME AND ADDRESS**

**HOKUSAY RUBBER INDUSTRY CO LTD**  
**REGD NAME:** Hokusay Gomu Kogyo KK  
**MAIN OFFICE:** 362-14 Oka Kurobe City Toyama-Pref JAPAN  
Tel: 0765-52-0001 Fax: 0765-52-4429

**URL:** <http://www.hokusay-rubber.co.jp>  
**E-Mail address:** (thru the URL)

**ACTIVITIES:** Mfg of industrial rubber products  
**BRANCHES:** Tokyo, Osaka, Nagoya  
**FACTORIES:** At the caption address, Toyama (2)

**OFFICERS:** SHIN'ICHI KOMEYA, PRES Masahiro Komeya, ch  
Yuji Komeya, mgn dir Kuniharu Kikuchi, mgn dir  
Kozo Maeda, dir

**Yen Amount:** In million Yen, unless otherwise stated

## **SUMMARY**

|          |               |           |             |
|----------|---------------|-----------|-------------|
| FINANCES | FAIR          | A/SALES   | Yen 8,221 M |
| PAYMENTS | NO COMPLAINTS | CAPITAL   | Yen 61 M    |
| TREND    | UP            | WORTH     | Yen 5,438 M |
| STARTED  | 1949          | EMPLOYEES | 366         |

## **COMMENT**

MFR OF INDUSTRIAL RUBBER PRODUCTS.

FINANCIAL SITUATION CONSIDERED FAIR AND GOOD FOR ORDINARY BUSINESS ENGAGEMENTS.

MAX CREDIT LIMIT: ESTIMATED AT YEN 299.1 MILLION, ON 30 DAYS NORMAL TERMS.

## **HIGHLIGHTS**

The subject company is a specialized mfr of industrial rubber products, owned by Komeya family. Goods are exported. Clients include auto industries, rubber mfrs, wholesaler, other.

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## **FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

The sales volume for July/2017 fiscal term amounted to Yen 8,221 million, a 6% up from Yen 7,722 million in the previous term. The recurring profit was posted at Yen 823 million and the net profit at Yen 574 million, respectively, compared with Yen 508 million recurring profit and Yen 303 million net profit, respectively, a year ago.

For the term that ended July 2018 the recurring profit was projected at Yen 840 million and the net profit at Yen 590 million, respectively, on a 3% rise in turnover, to Yen 8,470 million. Final results are yet to be released.

The financial situation is considered FAIR and good for ORDINARY business engagements. Max credit limit is estimated at Yen 299.1 million, on 30 days normal terms.

## **REGISTRATION**

**Date Registered:** Dec 1949  
**Regd No.:** 2300-01-007421 (Toyama-Kurobe)  
**Legal Status:** Limited Company (Kabushiki Kaisha)  
**Authorized:** 488,000 shares  
**Issued:** 122,000 shares  
**Sum:** Yen 61 million  
**Major shareholders (%):** Shin'ichi Komeya, and families (--100)  
**No. of shareholders:** 7

Nothing detrimental is known as to the commercial morality of executives.

## **OPERATION**

**Activities:** Manufactures industrial rubber products, others (--100%)

**Clients:** [Mfrs, wholesalers] Toyoda Gosei Co, YKK, West Japan Chemical Ind, Mitsubishi Fuso Bus Mfg, Toyama Murata Mfg, other

No. of accounts: 350

Domestic areas of activities: Nationwide

**Suppliers:** [Mfrs, wholesalers] Shiraishi Calcium, CBC, Sanyo Trading, other

**Payment record:** No Complaints

**Location:** Business area in Kurobe City, Toyama-Pref. Office premises at the caption address are owned and maintained satisfactory.

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**Bank References:**

Hokuriku Bank (Kurobe)

Toyama Bank (Kurobe)

Relations: Satisfactory

**FINANCES**

**(In Million Yen)**

| Terms Ending:                  | 31/07/2018 | 31/07/2017 | 31/07/2016 | 31/07/2015 |
|--------------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Annual Sales                   | 8,470      | 8,221      | 7,722      | 8,085      |
| Recur. Profit                  | 840        | 823        | 508        | ..         |
| Net Profit                     | 590        | 574        | 303        | 325        |
| Total Assets                   |            | 8,984      | 8,191      | 8,218      |
| Net Worth                      |            | 5,438      | 4,849      | 4,613      |
| Capital, Paid-Up               |            | 61         | 61         | 61         |
| Div.Ttl in Million (¥)         |            | 11.2       | 8.4        | 8.4        |
| <b>&lt;Analytical Data&gt;</b> | (%)        | (%)        | (%)        | (%)        |
| S.Growth Rate                  | 3.03       | 6.46       | -4.49      | 2.07       |
| Current Ratio                  |            | ..         | ..         | ..         |
| N.Worth Ratio                  |            | 60.53      | 59.20      | 56.13      |
| N.Profit/Sales                 | 6.97       | 6.98       | 3.92       | 4.02       |

Notes: Forecast (or estimated) figures for the 31/07/2018 fiscal term.

**FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES**

| Currency  | Unit | Indian Rupees |
|-----------|------|---------------|
| US Dollar | 1    | INR 73.44     |
| UK Pound  | 1    | INR 95.65     |
| Euro      | 1    | INR 84.17     |
| YEN       | 1    | INR 0.65      |

**Note :** Above are approximate rates obtained from sources believed to be correct

**INFORMATION DETAILS**

|                             |     |
|-----------------------------|-----|
| <b>Analysis Done by :</b>   | NIY |
| <b>Report Prepared by :</b> | KET |

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**RATING EXPLANATIONS**

| Credit Rating | Explanation      | Rating Comments  |
|---------------|------------------|--|
| A++           | Minimum Risk     | Business dealings permissible with minimum risk of default     |
| A+            | Low Risk         | Business dealings permissible with low risk of default         |
| A             | Acceptable Risk  | Business dealings permissible with moderate risk of default    |
| B             | Medium Risk      | Business dealings permissible on a regular monitoring basis    |
| C             | Medium High Risk | Business dealings permissible preferably on secured basis      |
| D             | High Risk        | Business dealing not recommended or on secured terms only      |
| NB            | New Business     | No recommendation can be done due to business in infancy stage |
| NT            | No Trace         | No recommendation can be done as the business is not traceable |

NB is stated where there is insufficient information to facilitate rating. However, it is not to be considered as unfavourable.

This score serves as a reference to assess SC's credit risk and to set the amount of credit to be extended. It is calculated from a composite of weighted scores obtained from each of the major sections of this report. The assessed factors are as follows:

- Financial condition covering various ratios
- Company background and operations size
- Promoters / Management background
- Payment record
- Litigation against the subject
- Industry scenario / competitor analysis
- Supplier / Customer / Banker review (wherever available)